



*Selasa, 29 November 2022*

**Ogen: Kejadin 1:27**



**Dilaki ras DiBERU**



*Emaka ijadiken Dibata manusia, sisentudu ras tempasna; dilaki ras diberu ijadikenNa.* Enda me isi Kejadin 1:27. Manusia itepa dilaki ras diberu ras duana sentudu ras Dibata bagepe tempasna rikutken tempas Dibata. Adi bas cakap Indonesia ikataken segambar dan serupa dengan Allah.

Kai makna kesegambaren ras keserupan manusia ras Dibata?? Situhuna kerna sienda meera muat jababna. Tapi banci ikataken maka kesegambarenta ras Dibata merujuk kuba hal-hal pertendin (rohani). Kata segambar e ibuat ibas kata *tselem* e encidahken keserupan ibas hal perukuren, perasaan ras sura-sura, hakekat kekekalan bagepe biak si terus erdahin. Kata serupa ibuat ibas kata *demuth* si merujuk kuba kualitas perukuren, perasaan ras sura-sura e. Jadi sentudu ras tempas Dibata e labo sada hal si statis (tidak bergerak) tapi kesegambarenta e hal si dinamis (selalu mencari kualitas lebih baik). Keserupanta ras Tuhan e sierbahanca lit ergata.

Dilaki ras diberu berbagi keserupan ras tempas Dibata. Reh rembakna manusia subuk dilaki bagepe diberu ras kualitas jati diri Dibata, dalam pengertin perukurena nggo ngusih cara perukuren Dibata, perbahanenna ndarami kualitas terbaik bagi siibahan Dibata, sura-surana si mehuli nge siidalankenna, maka ikataken manusia e meherga. Jadi labo jenis kelamin sierbahanca jelma meherga. Ibas Tuhan perayakenta guna terus mengasah diri, kula ras tendita jadi bagi Kristus eme kemulian iadep-adepen Dibata. Tuhan Yesus pernah ngerana "sertalah kam, sebab Bapaku sinisurga pe serta". Manusia ikataken sempurna adi secara utuh kegeluhenna berfungsi sue ras tujun sinepasa. Jadi manusia si meherga ras serta emekap jelma manusia si sue ras tempas Dibata ndalanken kekelengen si la ersibar ras ndarami kiniulin ibas kegeluhenna.



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability, particularly in the context of public institutions and organizations. The text highlights how proper record-keeping can help prevent fraud, mismanagement, and other forms of abuse.

2. The second part of the document focuses on the role of internal controls and audits in ensuring the integrity of financial reporting. It discusses the various types of audits, including internal, external, and forensic audits, and explains how they contribute to the overall reliability of the financial statements. The text also touches upon the importance of a strong internal control system in minimizing the risk of errors and fraud.

3. The third part of the document addresses the challenges faced by organizations in implementing effective record-keeping and internal control systems. It identifies common obstacles such as lack of resources, inadequate training, and resistance to change. The text provides practical suggestions for overcoming these challenges, such as investing in technology, providing ongoing training, and fostering a culture of transparency and accountability.

4. The final part of the document concludes by emphasizing the long-term benefits of a robust record-keeping and internal control system. It notes that such a system can help organizations improve their operational efficiency, reduce the risk of financial loss, and enhance their reputation among stakeholders. The text also encourages organizations to regularly review and update their systems to stay current with changing regulations and best practices.